## Yoga of Devotion

अ श्रीपरमात्मने नमः

Om Śrīparamātmane Namaḥ

अथ द्वादशोऽध्यायः

Atha Dvādaśo'dhyāyaḥ (Gītā Chapter XII) সর্जুন তথাৰ (Arjuna Uvāca)

एवं सततयुक्ता ये भक्तास्त्वां पर्युपासते। ये चाप्यक्षरमव्यक्तं तेषां के योगवित्तमाः

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evam satatayuktā ye bhaktāstvām paryupāsate
ye cāpyakṣaramavyaktam teṣām ke yogavittamāḥ ||1||
Those devotees who, ever-steadfast, thus worshin You(with attributes)

Those devotees who, ever-steadfast, thus worship You(with attributes) and those also who worship the Imperishable, the Unmanifest – which of them are better versed in Yoga?

## श्रीभगवानुवाच (Śrībhagavānuvāca)

मय्यावेश्य मनो ये मां नित्ययुक्ता उपासते ।

श्रद्धया परयोपेताः ते मे युक्ततमा मताः

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mayyāveśya mano ye mām nityayuktā upāsate | śraddhayā parayopetāḥ te me yuktatamā matāḥ

Those who, fixing their mind on Me, worship Me, ever steadfast and endowed with Supreme faith, these in my opinion are best in Yoga.

ये त्वक्षरमनिर्देश्यं अव्यक्तं पर्युपासते ।

सर्वत्रगमचिन्त्यं च कूटस्थमचलं ध्रुवम्

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ye tvakşaramanirdeśyam avyaktam paryupāsate | sarvatragamacintyam ca kūṭasthamacalam dhruvam ||3|| Those who worship the Imperishable, the Indefinable, the Unmanifest, the Omnipresent, the Immovable and the Eternal...

संनियम्येन्द्रियग्रामं सर्वत्र समबुद्धयः।	
ते प्राप्नुवन्ति मामेव सर्वभूतिहते रताः	11 8 11
sanniyamyendriyagrāmam sarvatra samabuddhaya	
te prāpnuvanti māmeva sarvabhūtahite ratāḥ Having restrained all the senses, even-minded everywhere, rejo ever in the welfare of all beings – verily they also come unto Me	
क्लेशोऽधिकतरस्तेषां अव्यक्तासक्तचेतसाम् ।	
अव्यक्ता हि गतिर्दुःखं देहवद्भिरवाप्यते	॥५॥
kleśo'dhikatarasteṣām avyaktāsaktacetasām	
avyaktā hi gatirduḥkhaṁ dehavadbhiravāpyate Greater is their trouble whose minds are set on the Unmanifest; goal, the Unmanifest is very hard for the embodied to reach.	5   for the
ये तु सर्वाणि कर्माणि मयि संन्यस्य मत्पराः ।	
अनन्येनेव योगेन मां ध्यायन्त उपासते	॥ ६॥
ye tu sarvāṇi karmāṇi mayi sannyasya matparāḥ	
ananyenaiva yogena māṁ dhyāyanta upāsate But those who worship Me, renouncing all actions in Me, regard as the Supreme Goal, meditating on Me with single minded yoge	
तेषामहं समुद्धर्ता मृत्युसंसारसागरात् ।	
भवामि निचरात्पार्थं मय्यावेशितचेतसाम्	11 9 11
teṣāmaham samuddhartā mṛtyusamsārasāgarāt	
bhavāmi nacirātpārtha mayyāveśitacetasām For them whose minds are set on Me, verily I become their insta	7   ant
saviour, O Pārtha, from the ocean of changing experiences (the	
Samsāra).	
मय्येव मन आधत्स्व मयि बुद्धिं निवेशय।	
निवसिष्यसि मय्येव अत ऊर्ध्वं न संशयः	6
mayyeva mana ādhatsva mayi buddhim niveśaya l	
nivasiṣyasi mayyeva ata ūrdhvaṁ na saṁśayaḥ Fix thy mind on Me, place thy intellect in Me, then (thereafter) y shall, no doubt, live in Me alone.	<b>8</b>    vou

अथ चित्तं समाधातुं न शकोषि मयि स्थिरम् । अभ्यासयोगेन ततः मामिच्छाप्तं धनञ्जय ॥ ९॥	
9	
atha cittam samādhātum na śaknoṣi mayi sthiram	
abhyāsayogena tataḥ māmicchāptuṁ Dhanañjaya   9   If you are unable to fix your mind steadily on Me, then by the Yoga of constant practice you do seek to reach Me, O Dhanañjaya.	
अभ्यासेऽप्यसमर्थोऽसि मत्कर्मपरमो भव।	
मदर्थमपि कर्माणि कुर्वन्सिद्धमवाप्स्यसि ॥ १० ॥	
abhyāse'pyasamartho'si matkarmaparamo bhava	
madarthamapi karmāņi kurvansiddhimavāpsyasi     10	
If also you are unable to practice Abhyāsa Yoga, be you intent on	
doing actions for My sake; even by doing actions for My sake, you shal attain perfection.	
अथैतदप्यशक्तोऽसि कर्तुं मद्योगमाश्रितः।	
सर्वकर्मफलत्यागं ततः कुरु यतात्मवान् ॥ ११ ॥	
athaitadapyaśakto'si kartuṁ madyogamāśritaḥ	
sarvakarmaphalatyāgaṁ tataḥ kuru yatātmavān  If you are unable to do even this then taking refuge in Me, self-controlled, renounce the fruits of actions.	
श्रेयो हि ज्ञानमभ्यासात् ज्ञानाद्ध्यानं विशिष्यते ।	
ध्यानात्कर्मफलत्यागः त्यागाच्छान्तिरनन्तरम् ॥ १२॥	
śreyo hi jñānamabhyāsāt jñānāddhyānam viśiṣyate	
dhyānātkarmaphalatyāgaḥ tyāgācchāntiranantaram   12   Better indeed is knowledge than practice; better than knowledge is meditation; better than meditation is renunciation of fruits of actions; peace immediately follows renunciation.	
अद्वेष्टा सर्वभूतानां मैत्रः करुण एव च।	
निर्ममो निरहंकारः समदुःखसुखः क्षमी ॥ १३॥	
advestā sarvabhūtānām maitraḥ karuṇa eva ca	

nirmamo nirahankārah samaduhkhasukhah kṣamī ||13||

He who hates no creature, who is friendly and compassionate to all, who is free from attachment and egoism, balanced in pleasure and pain and forgiving... सन्तुष्टः सततं योगी यतात्मा दृढनिश्चयः। मय्यर्पितमनोबुद्धिः यो मद्भक्तः स मे प्रियः 11 88 11 santustah satatam yogī yatātmā dṛḍhaniścayah | mayyarpitamanobuddhih yo madbhaktah sa me priyah | | 14 | | Ever content, steady in meditation, self-controlled, possessed of firm conviction, with mind and intellect dedicated to Me, he, My devotee is dear to Me. यस्मान्नोद्विजते लोकः लोकान्नोद्विजते च यः। हर्षामर्षभयोद्वेगैः मुक्तो यः स च मे प्रियः 11 24 11 yasmānnodvijate lokah lokānnodvijate ca yah l harṣāmarṣabhayodvegaiḥ mukto yaḥ sa ca me priyaḥ ||15|| He by whom the world is not agitated (afflicted) and who cannot be agitated by the world; who is free from joy, envy, fear and anxiety- he is dear to me. अनपेक्षः श्चिर्चिद्धः उदासीनो गतव्यथः। सर्वारम्भपरित्यागी यो मद्भक्तः स मे प्रियः ॥ १६॥ anapekṣaḥ śucirdakṣaḥ udāsīno gatavyathaḥ | sarvārambhaparityāgī yo madbhaktah sa me priyah | |16|| He who is free from wants, pure, efficient, unconcerned, untroubled, renouncing all undertakings (or commencements) – he who is (thus) devoted to Me, is dear to Me. यो न हृष्यति न द्वेष्टि न शोचित न काङ्क्षति। शुभाशुभपरित्यागी भक्तिमान्यः स मे प्रियः 11 63 11 yo na hrsyati na dvesti na śocati na kānkṣati | śubhāśubhaparityāgī bhaktimānyah sa me priyah He who neither rejoices nor hates, nor grieves, nor desires, renouncing good and evil, full of devotion, is dear to Me.

समः शत्रौ च मित्रे च तथा मानापमानयोः। शीतोष्णसुखदुःखेषु समः सङ्गविवर्जितः

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samaḥ śatrau ca mitre ca tathā mānāpamānayoḥ |
śītoṣṇasukhaduḥkheṣu samaḥ saṅgavivarjitaḥ ||18||
He who is the same to foe and friend, and also in honor and dishonor,
who is the same in cold and heat and in pleasure and pain, who is free
from attachment...

तुल्यनिन्दास्तुतिमोानी सन्तुष्टो येन केनचित् । अनिकेतः स्थिरमतिः भक्तिमान्मे प्रियो नरः

tulyanindāstutirmaunī santuṣṭo yena kenacit | aniketaḥ sthiramatiḥ bhaktimānme priyo naraḥ

||19||

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To whom censure and praise are equal, who is silent, content with anything, homeless, steady-minded, full of devotion – that man is dear to Me.

ये तु धर्म्यामृतमिदं यथोक्तं पर्युपासते । श्रद्दधाना मत्परमाः भक्तास्तेऽतीव मे प्रियाः

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ye tu dharmyāmṛtamidaṁ yathoktaṁ paryupāsate | śraddadhānā matparamāḥ bhaktāste'tīva me priyāḥ | |20|| They, indeed, who follow this Immortal Dharma (Law of Life) as described above, endowed with faith, regarding Me as their Supreme Goal, they, such devotees, are exceedingly dear to Me.

ॐ तत्सत् इति श्रीमद्भगवद्गीतासु उपनिषत्सु ब्रह्मविद्यायां योगशास्त्रे श्रीकृष्णार्जुनसंवादे भक्तियोगो नाम द्वादशोऽध्यायः ।

Om tatsat iti Śrīmadbhagavadgītāsu upaniṣatsu brahmavidyāyām yogaśāstre Śrīkṛṣṇārjunasamvāde bhaktiyogo nāma dvādaśo'dhyāyaḥ l